

推薦入学選考Ⅱ期 英語 「基礎学力調査」

【1 A】 次の英文を読み、(1)～(5)の質問に対する答えとして最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

The words “climate change” are used to refer to changes in the Earth’s global climate or regional climates. It describes changes in the average state of the atmosphere, or average weather, over any time scale from decades to millions of years. These changes can come from internal processes, be driven by external forces or, most recently, be caused by human activities. In recent usage, especially in the context of environmental policy, the term “climate change” is often used to refer only to the ongoing changes in modern climate, including the average rise in surface temperature known as global warming.

- (1) What does “climate change” mean?
- ① changes in the earth’s global regions
 - ② changes in surface temperature
 - ③ changes of the earth’s climate
 - ④ changes in human activities
- (2) What does “climate change” describe?
- ① changes in the earth’s regions
 - ② changes in average human activities
 - ③ changes in average weather of the earth over time
 - ④ extreme weather events in one day

- (3) What is responsible for “climate change”?
- ① human activities
 - ② internal processes
 - ③ external forces
 - ④ all of the above ①, ②, and ③ are true
- (4) In terms of environmental policy, how is “climate change” used?
- ① changes in the earth’s wetness
 - ② changes in modern climate
 - ③ daily weather report of the earth
 - ④ extreme weather events in one day
- (5) What does “global warming” mean?
- ① changes in the earth’s humidity
 - ② rise in human activities in the last 1000 years
 - ③ average weather of the earth last year
 - ④ average rise in surface temperatures

【1 B】 次の英文を読み、(6)～(10)の質問に対する答えとして最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

Climate changes reflect variations within the Earth's environment, natural processes going on around it, and the impact of humans. The external factors that can shape climate are often called climate forcings and include such processes as variations in solar *radiation, the Earth's orbit, and greenhouse gas. More generally, most forms of internal changes in the climate system can be recognized as a part of history. This means that the current state of climate reflects not only the inputs, but also the history of how it got there. For example, a decade of dry conditions may cause lakes to shrink, plains to dry up and deserts to expand. In turn, these conditions may lead to less rainfall in the following years.

注：*radiation = 放射線

- (6) What does “climate change” reflect?
- ① changes in the earth's environment
 - ② natural processes on the earth
 - ③ human activities
 - ④ all of the above ①, ②, and ③ are true
- (7) Which of the following could be a climate forcing?
- ① increase of radiation from the sun
 - ② history of rainfall
 - ③ desert expansion
 - ④ all of the above ①, ②, and ③ are true

- (8) Which of the following could be forms of internal changes?
- ① long periods of no rain
 - ② shrinkage of lakes
 - ③ desert expansion
 - ④ all of the above ①, ②, and ③ are true
- (9) Which kinds of changes can be seen as a part of history?
- ① human activities
 - ② creation of deserts
 - ③ Earth's orbit
 - ④ most external factors
- (10) Which of the following titles best explains the above passages 1A & 1B?
- ① *How Human Activities Affect Weather*
 - ② *How Average Global Weather Changes*
 - ③ *Internal Forcings of Climate Change*
 - ④ *External Factors in Climate Change*

【2】 次の(19)～(25)の英文を、二人の会話として最も適当な順序に並べかえる時、三番目に
来る文を、それぞれ ①～④から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- (19) ① Oh. Well maybe some other time then?
② Sure. Give me a call next week.
③ Saturday evening? Oh, goodness, I have a date Saturday evening.
④ I was wondering if you would like to go see a movie Saturday.
- (20) ① Who, me?
② Come here, please.
③ It looks very heavy.
④ Yes, you! Could you help me lift this?
- (21) ① Yeah, it was great. What surprised you?
② I almost thought they weren't going to get married.
③ Me too. I thought they were going to break up.
④ That love story we saw was so beautiful.
- (22) ① Pardon me. Is there a post office near here?
② Should I go down in that direction?
③ Yes, just walk straight down that road.
④ Yes, there's one on the other side of the park.
- (23) ① Pardon me?
② Oh, yes. Here you are.
③ Do you have an ID card?
④ Good afternoon. May I see some identification, please?

- (24) ① Just for a few minutes? I missed the last lecture.
② Hm, I need to study them myself now.
③ I was wondering if I could see your class notes for the upcoming test.
④ OK. Let's sit over there and go over them together.
- (25) ① Do you work part-time, too?
② I'm a student right now.
③ Yes, I'm working as a waitress.
④ What do you do?

- 【3】 次の英文の (26) ~ (35) に入る最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

Pidgin or Hawai'ian Creole English originated as a form of communication (26) between non-native English speakers in Hawai'i. It replaced the pidgin Hawai'ian spoken on the plantations and (27) in Hawai'i. It has been influenced (28) many languages, including Portuguese, Hawai'ian, and Cantonese, a Chinese language. Pidgin contains words from people of various language backgrounds that were brought in to work in the plantations, (29) as Japanese, Filipinos, and Koreans. There are (30) Japanese loanwords in Pidgin that have different meanings from the original Japanese, for example, Spam musubi. It has (31) been influenced to a lesser degree by Spanish spoken by Mexican and Puerto Rican settlers in Hawai'i. Even today, Pidgin (32) some influences from these languages. For example, (33) referring to a temporary state or location, the word "stay" in Pidgin has the same meaning as the Portuguese verb "ficar", meaning "to stay". Sometimes the grammar of the language is (34) from that of Portuguese. For example, "you like one knife?" (35) "would you like a knife?" The reason the word "one" is used instead of "a" is because the word "um" in Portuguese has two meanings; "um" translates to "one" and "a" in English.

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|------|-------------|-------------|---------|---------|
| (26) | ① tried | ② used | ③ done | ④ given |
| (27) | ① elsewhere | ② else | ③ where | ④ other |
| (28) | ① by | ② to | ③ as | ④ of |
| (29) | ① so | ② such | ③ where | ④ why |
| (30) | ① a | ② much | ③ some | ④ body |
| (31) | ① also | ② addition | ③ all | ④ never |
| (32) | ① receives | ② been | ③ deals | ④ beats |
| (33) | ① then | ② when | ③ why | ④ it |
| (34) | ① form | ② different | ③ most | ④ like |
| (35) | ① once | ② ever | ③ time | ④ means |

【4】 次の(36)～(50)の英文を読み、()の中に入る最も適当なものを、それぞれ①～④から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

(36) The health effects of garlic have (36) for years.

- ① know ② known ③ been known ④ be knowing

(37) You can (37) us by paying attention to the rules.

- ① give ② lend ③ help ④ hurt

(38) Remember, there is no food or drink (38) in the computer rooms.

- ① let ② able ③ consent ④ allowed

(39) Make (39) to drink plenty of water during the hot summer.

- ① sure ② mind ③ check ④ remember

(40) You cannot park in this area without (40).

- ① leave ② license ③ approval ④ permitting

(41) How (41) water do you want?

- ① many ② much ③ few ④ less

(42) It's the first time that they have been to Nara, (42)?

- ① isn't it ② isn't they ③ aren't they ④ hasn't they

(43) (43) the convenience of home delivery, ordering from online stores is popular.

- ① As ② As of ③ Due to ④ Because

(44) Would it be (44) to borrow your notes until next week?

- ① please ② you mind ③ all right ④ not to mind

【解答例】

入試年度 : 2020
入試種別 : 推薦入学選考
Ⅱ期
科目 : 英語

問No.	解答番号
1	3
2	3
3	4
4	2
5	4
6	4
7	1
8	4
9	2
10	2
11	2
12	1
13	3
14	4
15	2
16	4
17	3
18	4
19	1
20	4
21	2
22	2
23	3
24	1
25	1

問No.	解答番号
26	2
27	1
28	1
29	2
30	3
31	1
32	1
33	2
34	2
35	4
36	3
37	3
38	4
39	1
40	3
41	2
42	1
43	3
44	3
45	2
46	2
47	4
48	2
49	3
50	3